

\* Il faut récupérer l'ensemble des coefficients des constantes  $a_{0i}$

```

. scalar ao1=_b[dum1]

. scalar ao2=_b[dum2]

. scalar ao3=_b[dum3]

. scalar ao4=_b[dum4]

. scalar ao5=_b[dum5]

. scalar ao6=_b[dum6]

. scalar ao7=_b[dum7]

. scalar ao8=_b[dum8]

. scalar ao9=_b[dum9]

.

. gen moyenneao=(ao1+ao2+ao3+ao4+ao5+ao6+ao7+ao8+ao9)/9

. display moyenneao
654.91089

.

. gen AOI=ao1 in 1/10
(217 missing values generated)

. replace AOI=ao2 in 2
(1 real change made)

. replace AOI=ao3 in 3
(1 real change made)

. replace AOI=ao4 in 4
(1 real change made)

. replace AOI=ao5 in 5
(1 real change made)

. replace AOI=ao6 in 6
(1 real change made)

. replace AOI=ao7 in 7
(1 real change made)

. replace AOI=ao8 in 8
(1 real change made)

. replace AOI=ao9 in 9
(1 real change made)

. replace AOI= moyenneao in 10
(1 real change made)

.

.

. * On calcule à présent les ai = (aoi - moyenneao)

.

. gen ai=AOI-moyenneao
(217 missing values generated)

.

. mkmat AOI ai, mat(résultats)

. mat list résultats

résultats[227,2]
             AOI             ai
r1    704.12054    49.209656

```

```

r2  216.60504  -438.30585
r3  1812.0873   1157.1764
r4   757.53149   102.62061
r5   245.44914  -409.46173
r6   1449.8699   794.95898
r7   381.63492  -273.27597
r8   153.53738  -501.3735
r9    173.362  -481.54889
r10  654.91089      0

```

```

. * Nous retrouvons la valeurs des effets fixes (cross) que nous avons obtenus en faisant le
modèle à effets fixes de

```

```

. * 1 l'exercice 1 du chapitre 13.

```

```

. * 2) L'estimation du modèle à effets aléatoires

```

```

. xtreg y x1 x2, re

```

```

Random-effects GLS regression              Number of obs   =          225
Group variable: pays                      Number of groups  =           9

```

```

R-sq:                                     Obs per group:
      within = 0.0256                      min =          25
      between = 0.2012                     avg  =         25.0
      overall = 0.0040                     max  =          25

```

```

corr(u_i, X)   = 0 (assumed)              Wald chi2(2)      =          4.10
                                                Prob > chi2       =         0.1286

```

y	Coef.	Std. Err.	z	P> z	[95% Conf. Interval]	
x1	-9.907704	19.26576	-0.51	0.607	-47.6679	27.8525
x2	21.70457	11.08687	1.96	0.050	-.0253053	43.43444
_cons	400.3119	198.5994	2.02	0.044	11.06426	789.5595
sigma_u	349.49879					
sigma_e	955.82663					
rho	.11793284	(fraction of variance due to u_i)				

```

. predict re, u
(2 missing values generated)

```

```

. *On peut aussi les afficher à l'écran
. scalar _1_C= re in 1

```

```

. scalar _2_C= re in 26

```

```

. scalar _3_C= re in 51

```

```

. scalar _4_C= re in 76

```

```

. scalar _5_C= re in 101

```

```

. scalar _6_C= re in 126

```

```

. scalar _7_C= re in 151

```

```

. scalar _8_C= re in 177

```

```

. scalar _9_C= re in 202

```

```

. display _1_C
76.205772

```

```

. display _2_C
-326.35159

```

```

. display _3_C

```

729.81042

```
. display _4_C
171.73044
```

```
. display _5_C
-279.70105
```

```
. display _6_C
327.80981
```

```
. display _7_C
-109.66553
```

```
. display _8_C
-269.75851
```

```
. display _9_C
-320.07977
```

```
.
. * Nous observons que le modèle re conduit à des estimations des coefficients très
différents du modèle fe
```

```
.
. * L'estimation between
. sort pays
```

```
. bysort pays : summarize y x1 x2
```

```
-----
-> pays = 1
```

Variable	Obs	Mean	Std. Dev.	Min	Max
y	25	602	427.5992	189	2166
x1	25	5.2564	1.693401	3.15	11.62
x2	25	7.1304	7.222651	-.39	25.92

```
-----
-> pays = 2
```

Variable	Obs	Mean	Std. Dev.	Min	Max
y	25	60.64	93.854	3	479
x1	25	6.1472	3.119175	2.42	14.04
x2	25	6.6908	7.346673	-2.09	35.99

```
-----
-> pays = 3
```

Variable	Obs	Mean	Std. Dev.	Min	Max
y	25	1330.56	1949.19	48	10238
x1	25	11.7624	3.350881	5.81	17.18
x2	25	4.5444	4.22881	-1.18	14.27

```
-----
-> pays = 4
```

Variable	Obs	Mean	Std. Dev.	Min	Max
y	25	769.68	1942.088	19	9633
x1	25	3.4852	2.536068	.24	9.2
x2	25	8.3296	7.083789	-3.8	23.3

-> pays = 5

Variable	Obs	Mean	Std. Dev.	Min	Max
y	25	70.2	86.14232	2	351
x1	25	5.3128	4.655134	1.21	15.49
x2	25	3.958	2.957458	-2.49	10.08

-> pays = 6

Variable	Obs	Mean	Std. Dev.	Min	Max
y	25	842.72	665.5308	121	2431
x1	25	15.8452	3.722757	11.13	23.23
x2	25	7.9944	6.431248	0	27.36

-> pays = 7

Variable	Obs	Mean	Std. Dev.	Min	Max
y	25	403.88	340.1303	16	1836
x1	25	3.2232	.5629144	2.42	4.6
x2	25	8.2	6.833655	-1.31	30.37

-> pays = 8

Variable	Obs	Mean	Std. Dev.	Min	Max
y	25	175	344.3504	2	1637
x1	25	2.7012	.9040433	1.69	5.57
x2	25	6.9992	4.819686	.52	21.07

-> pays = 9

Variable	Obs	Mean	Std. Dev.	Min	Max
y	25	81.44	130.8734	0	419
x1	25	4.8492	1.088305	2.9	6.78
x2	25	6.6812	4.380286	1.05	20.68

-> pays = .

Variable	Obs	Mean	Std. Dev.	Min	Max
y	1	482	.	482	482
x1	1	15	.	15	15
x2	1	0	.	0	0

```
. * On obtient ainsi la liste des moyennes pays variable et par pays.
. xtreg y x1 x2, be
```

```
Between regression (regression on group means) Number of obs = 225
Group variable: pays Number of groups = 9
```

```
R-sq: Obs per group:
      within = 0.0000 min = 25
      between = 0.3878 avg = 25.0
      overall = 0.0325 max = 25
```

```

sd(u_i + avg(e_i.))= 398.3636      F(2,6)      =      1.90
                                   Prob > F      =      0.2295

```

y	Coef.	Std. Err.	t	P> t	[95% Conf. Interval]	
x1	62.93434	32.29442	1.95	0.099	-16.08725	141.9559
x2	29.41034	92.22749	0.32	0.761	-196.2622	255.0829
_cons	-125.6555	694.5252	-0.18	0.862	-1825.097	1573.786

```

.
. xtreg y x1 x2,fe

```

```

Fixed-effects (within) regression      Number of obs      =      225
Group variable: pays                  Number of groups    =      9

```

```

R-sq:                                Obs per group:
  within = 0.0376                      min =      25
  between = 0.3505                     avg  =     25.0
  overall = 0.0039                     max  =      25

```

```

corr(u_i, Xb) = -0.6099      F(2,214)      =      4.18
                                   Prob > F      =      0.0166

```

y	Coef.	Std. Err.	t	P> t	[95% Conf. Interval]	
x1	-49.50377	23.64297	-2.09	0.037	-96.10669	-2.900844
x2	22.17142	11.02105	2.01	0.046	.4476965	43.89514
_cons	654.9109	181.7605	3.60	0.000	296.6407	1013.181
sigma_u	602.25463					
sigma_e	955.82663					
rho	.28418579	(fraction of variance due to u_i)				

```

F test that all u_i=0: F(8, 214) = 5.24      Prob > F = 0.0000

```

```

. est store fe

```

```

. xtreg y x1 x2,re

```

```

Random-effects GLS regression      Number of obs      =      225
Group variable: pays              Number of groups    =      9

```

```

R-sq:                                Obs per group:
  within = 0.0256                      min =      25
  between = 0.2012                     avg  =     25.0
  overall = 0.0040                     max  =      25

```

```

corr(u_i, X) = 0 (assumed)      Wald chi2(2)      =      4.10
                                   Prob > chi2      =      0.1286

```

y	Coef.	Std. Err.	z	P> z	[95% Conf. Interval]	
x1	-9.907704	19.26576	-0.51	0.607	-47.6679	27.8525
x2	21.70457	11.08687	1.96	0.050	-.0253053	43.43444
_cons	400.3119	198.5994	2.02	0.044	11.06426	789.5595
sigma_u	349.49879					
sigma_e	955.82663					
rho	.11793284	(fraction of variance due to u_i)				

```

. hausman fe

```

---- Coefficients ----				
	(b)	(B)	(b-B)	sqrt(diag(V_b-V_B))
	fe	.	Difference	S.E.

```
-----+-----
      x1 | -49.50377   -9.907704   -39.59606   13.70476
      x2 |  22.17142   21.70457    .4668498    .
-----+-----
```

```
      b = consistent under Ho and Ha; obtained from xtreg
      B = inconsistent under Ha, efficient under Ho; obtained from xtreg
```

```
Test:  Ho:  difference in coefficients not systematic
```

```
      chi2(2) = (b-B)'[(V_b-V_B)^(-1)](b-B)
              =      8.33
Prob>chi2 =      0.0155
(V_b-V_B is not positive definite)
```

```
.
. * Nous obtenons 8.88 > au Khi2 de la table. Nous rejetons H0. Le modèle est à effets fixes
individuels
```

```
.
end of do-file
```

```
. exit, clear
```